San Diego Integrated Regional Water Management Project #9

Northern San Diego County Invasive Non-Native Species Control Program



Mission Resource Conservation District 1588 South Mission Road, Suite 100 Fallbrook, California 92028



Project Overview

- Eradication of over 600 acres of invasive, non-native plants from four target watersheds
- Target Species Include:
 - Arundo donax (giant reed)
 - Cortaderia selloana (pampas grass)
 - Lepidium latifolium (perennial pepperweed)
 - Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)



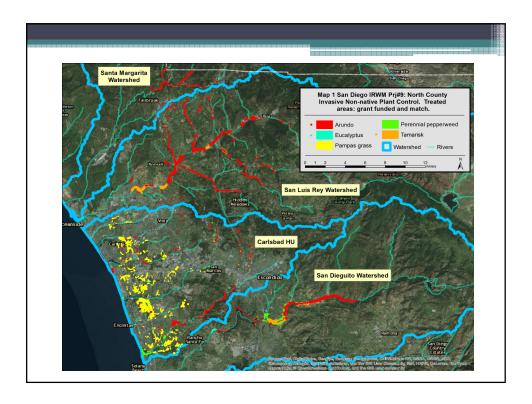


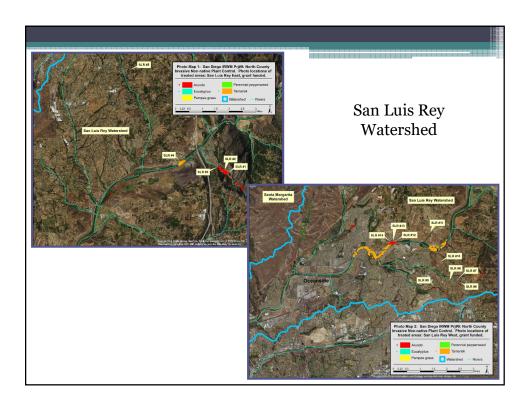


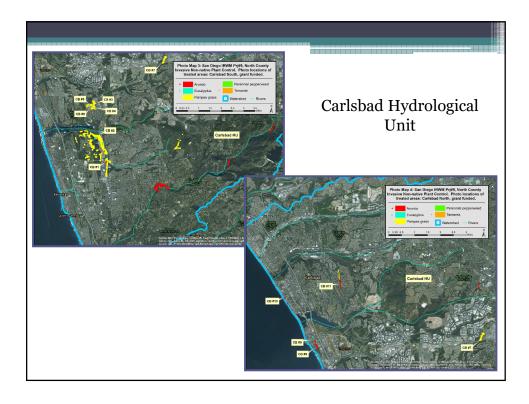
Pampas grass, Carlsbad HU

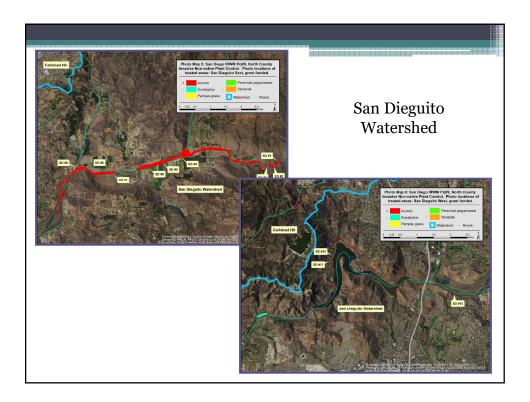


Arundo, San Luis Rev









Project Overview

- Permit Compliance
- Landowner Outreach & Coordination
 - Worked directly with local, state, federal and private landowners to obtain Right of Entry Permission
- Herbicide Treatments
 - Systematic, top down approach to minimize re-infestation potential
- Biomass Reduction and Re-vegetation





Agua Hedionda Watershed (Carlsbad HU), 2012 (L), spring 2016 (R)

Cumulative Project Treatment Totals

Target invasive non-native plant species	Grant funded acreage	Match acreage	Project total	Goal Ex A-2
Arundo donax (giant reed)	113.7	96	209.7	201.75
Cortaderia selloana (pampas grass)	24.5	75	99.5	9
Eucalyptus camaldulensis (red river gum)	5.4	21	26.4	-
Lepidium latifolium (perennial pepperweed)	-	172	172	98
Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)	12.3	87	99.3	98
Total:	155.9	451	606.9	406.75

Watershed Treatment Totals

San Luis Rey & Santa Margarita Watersheds

Target invasive non-native	Grant funded	Match Acreage	Project total
plant species	acreage	Match Acreage	
Arundo donax (giant reed)	39.4	68	107.4
Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)	12.3	12	24.3
Total:	51.7	80	131.7

Carlsbad Hydrological Unit

Target invasive non-native plant species	Grant funded acreage	Match Acreage	Project total
Arundo donax (giant reed)	5.4	12	17.4
Cortaderia selloana (giant reed)	24.5	75	99.5
Eucalyptus camaldulensis (red river gum)	0.4	-	0.4
Lepidium latifolium (perennial pepperweed)	-	36	36
Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)	-	5	5
Total:	30.3	128	158.3

San Dieguito Watershed

Target invasive non-native	Grant funded	Match Acreage	Project total	
plant species	acreage	Match Acreage	rioject total	
Arundo donax (giant reed)	68.9	16	84.9	
Lepidium latifolium (perennial pepperweed)	-	136	136	
Eucalyptus camaldulensis (red river gum)	5.0	21	26	
Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)	-	70	70	
Total:	73.9	242	316.9	

Project Benefits

- Maximize stakeholder/community involvement and stewardship
- Develop and maintain a diverse mix of water resources
 - Water Supply Reliability
 - Imported Water
 - Groundwater Management
 - Groundwater recharge is increased by removing Arundo and pampas grass.
 - Potential savings of 5,738 acre feet per year for the 6o6.9 acres of invasive plant control under this project. This is a net savings per acre (4 ac-ft/yr/ac of native replacement vegetation was subtracted from each acre of controlled vegetation)

Project Benefits

Net water savings associated with targeted invasives control.

Target invasive non-native plant species	Project acreage total	Net water savings ac-ft/yr/ac	Net water savings ac-ft/yr
Arundo donax (giant reed)	209.7	20	4,194
Cortaderia selloana (pampas grass)	99.5	10	995
Eucalyptus camaldulensis (red river gum)	26.4	2	53
Lepidium latifolium (perennial pepperweed)	172	-	-
Tamarisk ramosissimum (salt cedar)	99.3	5	496
Total:	606.9	-	5,738

Project Benefits

- Reduce the negative effects on waterways and watershed health caused by hydromodification and flooding
 - Flood Management
 - Stormwater Capture and Management
- Effectively reduce sources of pollutants and environmental stressors
 - Water Quality Protection and Improvement
 - Reduced erosion and siltation, increased biofiltration, increased groundwater recharge, and reduced the likelihood of sewage/delivery infrastructure failure. Water temperature regimes and flow patterns critical to sustain high quality habitat were also restored.

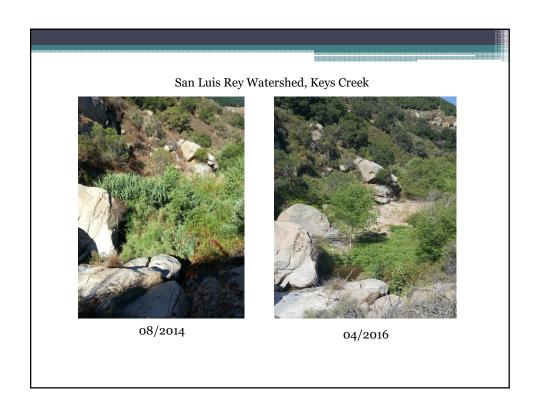
Project Benefits

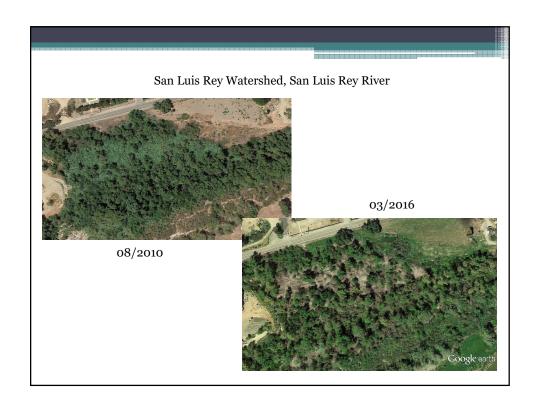
- Protect, restore and maintain habitat and open space
 - Wetlands Enhancement and Creation
 - Environmental, Habitat Protection and Improvement
 - Ecosystem Restoration
- Optimize water-based recreational opportunities
 - Recreation and Public Access
 - Cost Effectiveness and Benefit

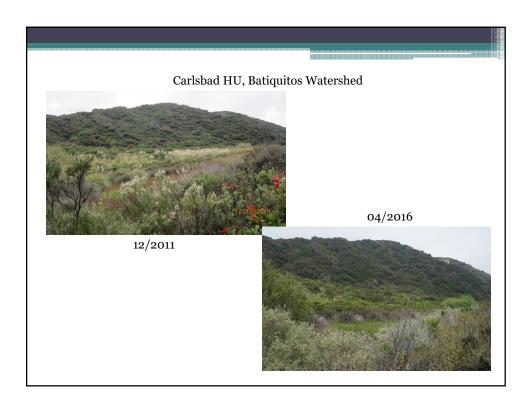


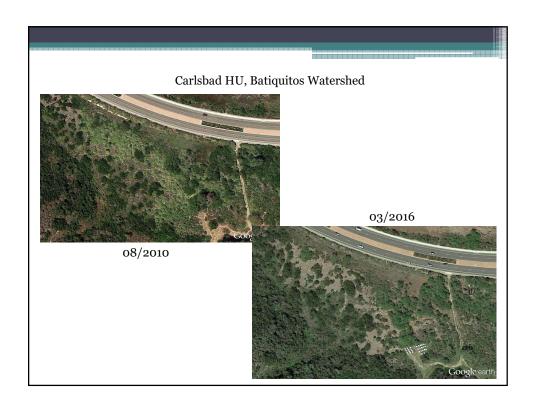


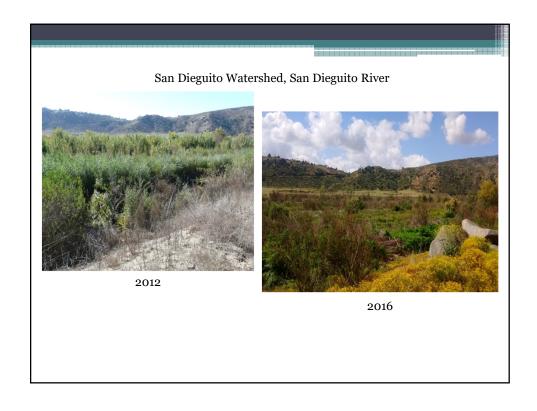
Buena Vista Watershed (Carlsbad HU), 2012 (L), 2016 (R)

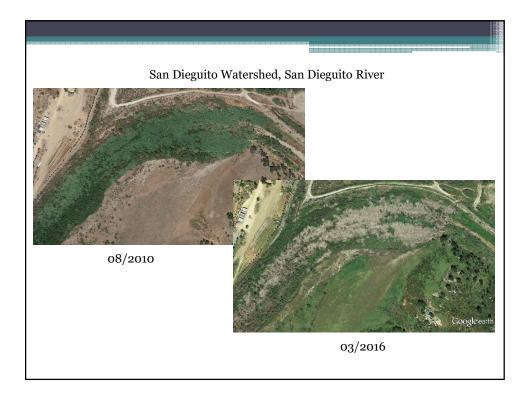












Project Future

- The project will monitor and re-treat target invasive non-native plants at project sites primarily using regional Natural Community Conservation Planning (NCCP) funds dispersed through the SANDAG TransNet program.
- The watershed programs are also supported by grants, including federal, state and local sources.

